



INSTALLATION ATTENTION: Power Draw = 0.2 amp.

- 1 DISCONNECT your vehicle's negative (-) battery cable.
- **2** MOUNT your gauge to the panel using the spin lock ring.
- **3** CONNECT the gauge wiring.
- 4 RECONNECT your vehicle's negative (-) battery cable.

FIGURE 1: Gauge Display Guide



LIFETIME WARRANTY

We take pride in the products we make and offer a Lifetime Warranty on gauge electronics and a 5-year warranty on hardware for every gauge, tachometer and shift light purchased since Jan 1, 2006. Every SPEEDHUT product is built for a lifetime of service, and we warrant to the person who originally purchased the product that all SPEEDHUT products will be free from defects in workmanship and materials for their applicable warranty period. If a defect occurs during the warranty period as the result of the product's intended use, we will repair or replace the defective product or part, to our discretion. The warranty does not cover defects caused by third-party modifications, repairs or replacement parts. Any holes, scratches, normal wear and tear, and the natural breakdown of colors and materials over extended time and use are not warranted.

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FIGURE 2: Wiring Guide See Figure #3 for more wiring info.

- 1. Blue wire High Beam Indicator
- 2. Red wire with Green Stripe Speed Sensor
- 3. Green wire with Orange Stripe Left Turn Signal
- 4. Green wire with Red Stripe Right Turn Signal
- 5. Gray wire Brake Indicator
- 6. Yellow wire with Black Stripe Fuel Level Ground
- 7. Pink wire Fuel Level Signal
- 8. Orange wire 4x4 Indicator
- 9. Yellow wire with Red Stripe Water Temp Signal
- 10. White Lighting
- 11. Red +12VDC Switched (5 Amp Inline Fuse Recommended, Power Draw is 0.2 Amp)
- 12. Black Ground
- 13. Yellow wire with Black Stripe Water Temp Ground
- 14. Yellow wire Tachometer Signal (available on some models)
- 15. Purple Wire Check Engine Indicator









FIGURE 4: OPTIONAL Backup Speedometer Sender Connection (Requires GPS signal for calibration)



Alternate ECU Setup: You can connect signal wire directly to the speedometer signal out on the vehicle's ECU.







GPS QUICK START GPS location is saved internally for up to a 4 hour period. After 4 hours it will take 30-40 seconds to acquire signal again.



-Trip Odometer (shows up to 99,999.9)

Press and hold button to reset trip.

When the the GPS signal is active the following displays and menus will be available:

Clock

Clock Feature. Time is acquired from GPS satellites. User only needs to adjust the hour setting for their time zone.



PRESS AND HOLD button to set clock hours. (Color will invert) Toggle through A.M./P.M. hours until correct time is reached. Release button for several seconds and time is stored. (Color will return to normal)

Elevation



Elevation feature is acquired from GPS satellites and shows the current elevation from sea level in feet or meters depending on the model.

Speed (MPH or KMH)



Speed feature shows MPH or KMH in display depending on the model.

Direction



Shows the current direction

Note: Default direction is North(N). Correct direction is displayed only when moving.





Follow these steps below for all menu items

- 1. Press and hold button down while turning on gauge power to enter the calibration menu.
- 2. A quick button press will toggle LCD screen through all the available menu settings and display.
- 3. Press and hold to select the menu item (2-3 seconds).
- 4. Press and hold button to change setting.



Use the "TACH CAL." menu to calibrate the TACHOMETER Pulses Per Rev (PPR) [available on some models]: Repeatedly press the button to toggle through the following PPR options:

(Press and hold to set a selected PPR)



Use the "FUEL CAL." menu to calibrate the the ohm range for the FUEL LEVEL: Repeatedly press the button to toggle through the following OHM ranges:

(Press and hold to set a selected Ohm range)



Full Vehicle Empty Application Most pre-'65 GM 0 ohms 30 ohms 0 ohms 90 ohms Most GM 65present Most '87-present 16 ohms 158 ohms Fords 73 ohms 8-12 ohms Most Fords before '87 and most Chrysler Use with A-300 240 ohms 33 ohms sender 10 ohms 70 ohms Ford Bi-Metalic Gauges (pre 1987 F-Series Trucks) 15 ohms 160 ohms Ford Magnetic Gauges (1987 and later F-Series Trucks)

CHART 1: Common Factory Ohm Ranges

How to calibrate the FUEL LEVEL gauge to custom Ohm Range: After toggling through the Ohm ranges there will be an "EMPTY" option and a "Full" option.

EMPTY option: While your fuel tank is empty press and hold to set. **FULL option**: While your fuel tank is full press and hold to set.



Use the "Set Miles" menu to set the Odometer miles: Repeatedly press the button to toggle through the digits: (Press and hold to cycle the numbers 0-9) To save: do not press the button for 5 seconds.



Use the "About" screen to view manufacturing date and other diagnostic information:







Your vehicle ignition system will fall under one of these 4 ignition types. The type of ignition system will determine where the yellow tachometer signal wire (wire #17) is connected and what the number of pulses per revolution the tachometer should be set to.

Type #1 (single coil) - Up until the 1990's tachometers picked up the signal from the (-) side on a single ignition coil, reading every pulse sent to all the cylinders. For example, an 8 cylinder (4 stroke) engine fires 4 spark plugs per revolution or all 8 spark plugs in 2 revolutions. Connecting the yellow wire to the negative side of the single coil on an 8 cylinder results in picking up 4 sparks in 1 revolution (see diag. 1). This type of ignition was used pre-dominantly until the 1990's and distributes sparks to each spark plug. In some vehicles during the 90's the coil and distributer merged into one unit, but it is the same ignition system - one coil that distributes sparks to all cylinders. When connecting the yellow wire to this style of ignition you will be picking up all cylinder sparks (see diag. 5).

Type #2 (coil pack) - (diag. 2) is used in the 96 Mustang V8 with twin coil packs. Coil pack #1 (C1) controls the firing of 4 spark plugs and coil pack #2 (C2) controls the remaining 4 spark plugs. 2 or more separate coils are within each coil pack assembly. In this example each of the 2 coils within each coil pack sparks to 2 cylinders at the same time. When one cylinder is firing in the compression stroke, it's paired cylinder is "waste" firing in the exhaust stroke. Each separate coil within the pack is controlled by it's own trigger wire. In other words, if you hooked up the yellow wire to one coil trigger wire within one coil pack, it will see only a fraction of the total engine sparks (see diag. 5).

Type #3 (coil on plug) – An individual coil is placed directly on top of each spark plug eliminating the spark plug wires. The yellow wire , when hooked up to any coil, will pick up only 1 pulse per 2 revolutions or 1/2 pulse per 1 revolution (see dia 3). For this type of ignition the yellow wire from the tachometer will connect to the trigger wire on one of the coils. Typically there will be 3 or 4 colored wires coming off of each coil. The trigger wire will be the wire that changes color from one coil to the next. For example, all coils may have red, gray and black wires coming off of them, but the fourth wire will be blue on one coil and green on the next coil.

Type #4 (tach output from ECU) Some vehicles will have a tachometer output wire coming from the ECU. The yellow wire from our tachometer can receive signal from the ECU by following diagram 4. 4.7k r esistor and shrink tubing are included with gauge.



Important note: Connecting the tachometer to the wrong wire will NOT damage the tachometer or your ignition.

| Diag 5: Tachometer yellow wire connection | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Type #1 ignitions | Type #2- Coil Packs | Type #3- Coil on Plug | Aftermarket ignitions / tach output |
| + - negative | C1B Yellow wire | Yellow wire | Yellow wire |
| Yellow wire connects to: negative side of coil. 12 cyl = 6 Pulses / rev 10 cyl = 5 Pulses / rev 8 cyl = 4 Pulses / rev 6 cyl = 3 Pulses / rev 4 cyl = 2 Pulses / rev (see Tachometer Calibration) | Yellow wire connects to: • negative side of coil (some cars) or • coil control wire (some cars) or • coil trigger wire (some cars). 1 Pulses / rev. (as a good starting point) (see Tachometer Calibration) | Yellow wire connects to: • negative side of coil (some cars) or • coil control wire (some cars) or • coil trigger wire (some cars). 1/2 Pulses / rev. (as a good starting point) (see Tachometer Calibration) | Yellow wire connects to: tachometer output terminal 12 cyl = 6 Pulses / rev 10 cyl = 5 Pulses / rev 8 cyl = 4 Pulses / rev 6 cyl = 3 Pulses / rev 4 cyl = 2 Pulses / rev (see Tachometer Calibration) |